

- 1  **World History I**  
 HIST 1210  
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- 2  **China: Sui Dynasty, 589-618 CE**
  - Restoration of empire
  - State granaries
  - Grand Canal
- 3  **China: Neighbors and Frontiers**
  - 1  • Neighbors
    - Japan
    - Khmer (Cambodia)
    - Viet and Champa (Vietnam)
    - Srivajaya (Sumatra).
- 4  **China: Tang Dynasty, 618-960 CE**
  - Equal field system
  - Three-levels of examinations
  - Printing
    - Woodblock printing (Han Dynasty)
    - Printing press using block of text (Tang, Song)
    - Movable type (Korea).
- 5  **China: Tang Dynasty, 618-960 CE**
  - 2  • Buddhism
    - Tolerance (Empress Wu)
    - Growing wealth and power of Buddhist monasteries
    - Texts produced using printing press
    - Fear of loss of Chinese culture
    - Repression (845 CE).
- 6  **China: Tang Dynasty, 618-960 CE**
  - 1  • Trade:
    - Silk Road
    - South China Sea
  - 2  • Alliances with nomads.
- 7  **China: Song Dynasty, 960-1279**
  - Cultural developments
    - Neo-Confucianism
    - Foot-binding
    - Brush painting
    - Paper money.
- 8  **China: Song Dynasty, 960-1279**
  - Technologies
    - Gun powder
    - Compass
    - Rudder

- Ceramics.

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9  **Mongol Empire, 1226+**

- 1  • Mongol culture
  - Horse nomads
  - Honor culture
  - Internal divisions: Tribal loyalties, family feuds
  - Annual gathering.

10  **Mongol Empire**

- Conquests of Genghis Khan
  - China
  - Central Eurasia
  - Persia
  - Russia.

11  **Mongol Empire**

- Government of Genghis Khan
  - Rule by Mongol elite
  - Interest in other cultures and religions
  - Religious toleration
  - Free trade, protection of caravans.

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12  **Mongol Empire**

- Divisions of empire
  - Empire of the Great Khan (Yuan Dynasty of China)
  - Golden Horde (Russia)
  - Chagatai Khanate (Central Asia)
  - Il-Khanate (Persia).

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13  **Mongol Empire: China**

- Mongols in positions of power
- Cultural separatism
- Exclusion of Confucian gentlemen
- Tribute empire
- Yuan Dynasty (1271-1368)
- Overthrow of Mongol/Yuan Dynasty

14  **Ming Dynasty, 1368-1644**

- Restoration of ethnic Chinese rule
- Confucian revival
- Grand Secretariat
- Population growth
- Naval expeditions (Zhenghe voyages).

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15  **China: Ming Dynasty, 1368-1644**

- Voyages of Zhenghe, 1405-33.